पोरेशन (एक सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र का उपक्रम) से प्राप्त हुआ है । प्रत्येक प्रस्ताव के संबंध में वर्तमान स्थिति का संलग्न विवरण में उल्लेख किया गया है ।

विवरण

क्रमांक	प्रस्ताव के ब्यौरे	वर्तमान स्थिति
1.	माले गांव शाकाहारी सखर मकराना लिमि० माले गांव तालुक बारामती–जिला पुणे ।	पश्चिमी क्षेत्रीय समिति की स्थायी समिति द्वारा इस पर विचार करने के लिये इसकी विशेषज्ञ समिति द्वारा इस प्रस्ताव की जांच कर ली गयी है ।
2.	सी०वी०डी० के भारतीय विद्यापीठ पूणे इंजीनियरी कालेज, सेक्टर 3, नया बम्बई ।	–वही–
3.	पूर्ण विद्यार्थी गृह इंजीनियरी तथा प्रौद्योगिकी कालेज, पुणे	–वही–
4.	वसन्तदादा पाटिल प्रतिष्ठान, चूनाभट्टी बम्बई ।]	विशेषज्ञ समिति द्वारा 30 अगस्त 1990 को इसका दौरा करने का कार्यक्रम है ।
5.	प्रिय दर्शनी इंजीनियरी कालेज, नागपुर ।	4 सितम्बर, 1990 को विशेषज्ञ समिति द्वारा इसका दौरा करने का कार्यक्रम है ।
6.	राष्ट्रीय कैमिकल्ज एंड फर्टिलाइजर्स लिमि० बम्बई ।	इन प्रस्तावों की पश्चिमी क्षेत्रीय समिति द्वारा अभी जांच की जानी है ।
7.	मंडण शिक्षा सोसायटी, पेटाम्बे, तालुका वियलुन, जिला रत्नागिरी ।	
8.	नव चिकित्सा प्रसारक मंडल, यावतमाल	
9.	मंजरा धर्मदाय न्यास, विलास नगर तालुक तथा जिला लेटूर ।	
10.	हिंगने स्त्रीशिक्षण संस्थान, पुणे लड़कियों के लिये पुणे इंजीनियरी कालेज	

Place of afforestation and deforestation in States

2306. SHRI VISHWASRAO RAM RAO PATIL: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any State where the pace of afforestation is less than that of deforestation;

(b) if so, whether Government have formulated any plans to check the pace of deforestation in these States; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI NILAMANI ROUTRAY): (a) to (c) There is no State in the country where the Pace rate of afforestation is less than that of deforestation except Meghalaya. However, steps have been taken

to check pace of deforestation in the country, which include:—

1. The National Forest Policy, 1988, lays more emphasis on conservation of forests. There are specific provisions for protection of forests from illicit felling, grazing, fires and encroachment.

2. Forest (Conservation) Act was enacted in 1980 to check diversion of forest land for non-forest purposes. The Act has been made more stringent by an amendment of 1988.

3. A centrally sponsored scheme is under implementation to help the States to develop infrastructure for protection of forests.

4. Alternatives sources of energy are encouraged to replace fuelwood in domestic and commercial sectors.

5. Wood is substituted by alternative materials in packaging, railway sleepers, building construction, furniture etc.

6. Import policy for timber has been liberalised.

7. Efforts are being made to control shifting cultivation.

8. Guidelines have been issued to State/UT Governments from time to time for protection of forests. Some of these guide lines are as follows:—

(i) To avoid felling of natural forests and where such felling are inevitable for restoration of crop or other silvicultural considerations, it should be restricted to area not exceeding 10 hectares in the hills and 25 hectares in the plains.

(ii) To ban fellings in the hills above 1000 meters, at least for some years.

(iii) To identify critical areas in the hills and mountains which require protection from felling of forests and need immediate vigorous afforestation.

(iv) To set apart 4 per cent of the geographical area as protection area like wildlife sancturies, national parks, biosphere reserves etc.

(v) Special guidelines have been issued for regulation of Saw mills.

Pollution caused by Hindustan Fertilizers Corporation Namrup, Assam

2307. SHRI BHADRESWAR BURAGOHAIN: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that the Hindustan Fertililers Corporation at Namrup, Assam has not taken any air and water pollution control measures;

(b) whether the entire Borhat and its neighbouring areas are affected due to air pollution;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Hindustan Fertilizers Corporation Head Office, in Delhi is regularly releasing rupees two crores for the Namrup unit for DCDA system to control pollution and the Hindustan Fertilizers Corporation authorities at Namrup are hoodwinking all by not executing the system; and

(d) what measures are contemplated by Government to control pollution and save the affected area from total collapse?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI NILAMANI ROUTRAY): (a) The Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation Limited at Namrup, Assam has taken measures for control of air and water polution.

(b) Only at times of power failure or during start-up of processes there are 'spurts' in gaseous emissions. However, these are brought under control immediately.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) The Assam State Pollution Control Board has directed the unit to